

# DISTRICT LEVEL HOUSEHOLD AND FACILITY SURVEY -4

# DISTRICT FACT SHEET DAVANGERE

# (2012-13)



#### Introduction

Three rounds of District Level Household and Facility Surveys (DLHS) have been undertaken by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India in the past (Round-I in 1998-99, Round-II in 2002-04, and Round-III in 2007-08) with the main objective to provide reproductive and child health related database at district level in India. The data from these surveys have been useful in setting the benchmarks and examining the progress the country has made after the implementation of RCH programme. In addition, the evidences generated by these surveys have been useful for monitoring and evaluation of ongoing programmes and planning of suitable strategies by the central and state governments. In view of the completion of six years of National Rural Health Mission (2005-12), there was a felt need to focus on the achievements and improvements so far. The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India, therefore initiated the process of conducting DLHS-4 during 2011-2012 and designated the International Institute for Population Sciences (IIPS) as the nodal agency to carry out the survey.

Bilingual questionnaires in the local language and English pertaining to Household, Clinical, Anthropometric and Bio-Chemical tests (CAB) and Ever Married Women (age 15-49) were used and canvassed using Computer Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI). The village and health facility questionnaires were canvassed by using paper & pen in DLHS-4. In the household questionnaire, information on all members of the household and socio-economic characteristics of the household, assets possessed, number of marriages, morbidities and deaths in the household since January 2008, etc. were collected. The ever-married women questionnaire contained information on women's characteristics, maternal care, immunization and childcare, contraception and fertility preferences, reproductive health including knowledge about HIV/AIDS. The village questionnaire contained information on availability of health, education and other facilities in the village, and whether the facilities are accessible throughout the year. The health facility questionnaire contained information on human resources, infrastructure, and services. For the first time, a population-linked facility survey has been conducted in DLHS-4. At the district level, all Community Health Centres and the District Hospitals and Sub Divisional Hospitals were covered. Further, all Sub-Health Centres and Primary Health Centres which were expected to serve the population of the selected PSUs were also covered. Fieldwork in Davanagere was conducted during March to July 2013, gathering information from 1,764 households, 1,709 ever married women and 89 health facilities.

This fact sheet gives information on the key indicators and trend for the district of Davanagere.

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (2007-08)	
Indicators	TOTAL	RURAL	TOTAL	RURAL
Sample Size				
Households surveyed	1764	1124	1061	749
Ever married women age15-49 years	1709	1136	1097	779
Currently married women age 15-49 years interviewed	1543	1028	999	711
Population and household profile				
Percentage of population literate age 7+ years	79.1	74.9	70.8	66.5
Percentage of population below age 15 years	25.5	25.6	29.3	29.1
Mean household size	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.3
Sex ratio at birth (Male per 100 Female)	98.6	99.4	97.6	100.2
Percentage of households				
Having electricity	96.1	94.3	91.7	89.6
Improved source of drinking water <sup>1</sup>	99.0	98.5	97.8	98.1
Having access to improved toilet facility	37.9	54.6	36.3	19.3
Use clean fuel for cooking <sup>2</sup>	43.4	20.1	15.9	4.6
Marriage				
Mean age at marriage for girls (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	21.2	20.6	20.2	19.9
Mean age at marriage for boys (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	27.2	27.1	25.4	25.1
Percentage of currently married women married below age 18 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	7.7	9.1	15.5	18.0
Percentage of currently married men married below age 21 years (marriages that occurred during the reference period)	6.6	7.4	13.6	15.5
Characteristics of women (%)				
Currently married women who are illiterate	30.1	37.9	43.0	50.3
Currently married women with 10 or more years of schooling	37.9	28.8	23.3	18.2
Fertility (%)				
Births to women aged 15-19 years out of total births <sup>3</sup>	4.6	4.4	12.9	17.3
Women aged 20-24 years reporting birth order of 2 & above		57.5	77.9	80.0
Women aged 15-49 years who reported birth order of 3 & above		17.1	29.6	28.9
Women with two children wanting no more children		53.7	51.2	48.7
Mean no. of children ever born to women age 40-49 years	3.0	3.1	3.8	3.9
Current use of Family Planning Methods (%)		-		
Any method	68.7	72.5	66.1	68.9
Any modern method	69.0	72.8	66.2	69.2
Female sterilization	66.2	71.1	62.6	67.5
Male sterilization	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Pill	0.9	0.6	1.0	0.7
IUD	1.1	0.7	1.3	0.0
Condom	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.0
Unmet Need for Family Planning (%)	1.2	0.0	0.0	
Total unmet need <sup>4</sup>	6.0	5.8	11.9	10.5
Unmet Need for spacing	0.0 3.5	5.8 3.5	6.3	6.6
Unmet Need for limiting				
<sup>1</sup> Includes pipe water into dwelling, piped to yard/plot, public tap/standpipe/hand pump/tube well/bore v	2.5	2.3	5.6	3.9

cart with small tank/drum and packaged/bottled water.<sup>2</sup> LPG/PNG/Electricity/Biogas,<sup>3</sup> DLHS-4 reference period is from 1-1-2008 to survey date; DLHS-3 reference period is from 1-1-2004 to survey date.

Unmet need for spacing includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and say they want to wait two or more years for their next birth. It also includes fecund women who are not using any method of family planning, and say they are unsure whether they want another child or who want another child but are unsure when to have the birth.

Unmet need for limiting includes fecund women who are neither pregnant nor amenorrhea, who are not using any method of family planning, and who want no more children (These definitions are similar to NFHS-3).

<sup>4</sup>Total unmet need refers to unmet need for limiting and spacing

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (2007-08)	
Indicators		RURAL	TOTAL	RURAL
Quality of Family Planning Services (%)				
Non-users ever advised by health personnel to adopt any family planning method	. 36.0	39.1	13.6	13.8
Current users told about side effects of method		12.6	18.5	17.9
Users who received follow-up services for sterilization and IUD within 48 hours	. 89.2	90.7	91.8	91.3
Post-partum adoption of Family Planning for sterilization		96.6	84.4	84.7
Antenatal Care <sup>5</sup> (Women who had last live/still birth during reference period) (%)				
Pregnant women who received any antenatal check-up	. 94.6	93.0	94.8	93.5
Pregnant women who had antenatal check-up in first trimester	. 92.4	90.9	70.0	65.8
Pregnant women who had three or more ANC visits	. 87.5	86.2	82.9	78.9
Pregnant women who had at least one tetanus toxoid injection	. 99.0	99.2	90.3	88.9
Pregnant women whose Blood Pressure (BP) taken	. 90.2	89.3	94.3	92.7
Pregnant women who had blood tested (Hb)		78.3	94.3	92.5
Pregnant women whose abdomen examined		75.5	93.8	91.8
Pregnant women who consumed 100 or more IFA Tablets/Syrup equivalent		29.1	55.7	48.7
Pregnant women who had full antenatal care <sup>5</sup>		28.3	46.0	38.7
Delivery Care (women who had live/still birth during reference period) (%)				
Institutional delivery	. 95.4	95.1	64.8	60.3
Delivery at government health institutions		71.9	41.4	43.4
Delivery at private health institutions		23.2	23.4	16.7
Delivery by Caesarean section at government health institutions		14.2	8.9	9.0
Delivery by Caesarean section at private health institutions		13.5	9.3	7.5
Delivery at home		4.5	34.7	39.7
Delivery at home conducted by skilled health personnel <sup>6</sup> (Out of total Deliveries)		4.5 1.9	9.7	10.6
Mothers who received post-natal care within 48 hours of Institutional delivery		8.6	69.3	63.6
Mothers who received post-natal care within two weeks of Institutional delivery		94.0	71.5	66.3
Delivery attended by skilled health personnel		94.0 97.0	71.9	67.8
		97.0 73.2	71.9 NA	07.8 NA
Discharge of mothers from institution after minimum stay of 48 hours Out of pocket expenditure per institutional delivery in Public health facility(Rs. in 000's)		2.68	NA	NA
Percentage of women who received JSY benefits	. 2.91	2.00	INA	IN/A
Home delivery	. 47.4	58.3	8.8	12.1
Institutional delivery		45.3	0.0 11.2	12.1
Percentage of Women who had	. 40.1	45.5	11.2	14.5
Any Pregnancy complication <sup>7</sup>	. 35.8	40.4	50.2	51.8
Any Delivery complication <sup>7</sup>		40.4 19.9	47.1	47.2
Any Post-delivery complication <sup>7</sup>	. 10.6	10.9	29.7	32.3
Problem of vaginal discharge during last three months		10.9	6.9	52.5 6.8
Menstrual related problems during last three months		10.1	0.9 16.3	0.8 17.1
Percentage of pregnancy resulted in	. 9.2	10.5	10.5	17.1
Live Birth	92.8	92.1	92.4	93.0
Still Birth	92.0 1.2	1.5	92.4 0.3	93.0 0
Induced abortion	1.2			-
	1.5 4.5	1.7	0.5	0.4
Spontaneous abortion Child Immunization (%) (Children age 12-23 months)	4.0	4.7	6.8	6.6
Number of children	101	76	02	65
Received full vaccination <sup>8</sup>		-	93 70.2	
		83.3	79.3 05.6	78.7
Received BCG vaccine		100.0	95.6	98.4
Received 3 doses of DPT vaccine		88.9	88.6	88.7
Received 3 doses of polio vaccine		95.8	89.7	88.7
Received measles vaccine	. 88.5	93.1	84.2	83.6
Children (age 9-35 months) received at least one dose of vitamin A supplement in last 6 months	. 77.9	78.1	60.9	59.1
<sup>5</sup> Full ANC: At least three visits for antenatal check-up, one TT injection received and 100 IFA tablets <sup>6</sup> Doctor(ANM/Nurse/midwife/LHV/Other health personnel. <sup>7</sup> W/omen who had their last live/still birth	or adequa	ate amount of	syrup consu	med.

<sup>6</sup>Doctor/ANM/Nurse/midwife/LHV/Other health personnel, <sup>7</sup> Women who had their last live/still birth since 1-1-2008. <sup>8</sup> BCG, 3-injection of DPT, 3 doses of Polio (excluding polio zero) and Measles

	DLHS-4 (2012-13)		DLHS-3 (2007-08)	
Indicators	TOTAL	RURAL	TOTAL	RURAL
Child feeding practices (based on last-born child in the reference period) (%)				
Children age 0-5 months exclusively breastfed <sup>9</sup>	86.5	87.5	NA	NA
Children age 6-9 months receiving solid/semi-solid food and breast milk	64.0	59.3	54.5	50.0
Children age 12-23 months receiving breast feeding along with complementary feeding	72.3	65.8	NA	NA
Children age 6-35 months exclusively breastfed for at least 6 months	19.0	14.6	41.1	45.1
Children under 3 years breastfed within one hour of birth	80.1	77.7	51.0	49.3
Birth Weight (%) (age below 36 months)				
Percentage of Children weighed at birth	96.8	97.0	NA	NA
Percentage of Children with low birth weight (out of those who weighted) ( below 2.5 kg)	11.7	12.4	NA	NA
Awareness about Diarrhoea (%)				
Women know about what to do when a child gets diarrhoea	78.9	80.6	86.5	84.5
Awareness about ARI (%)				
Women aware about danger signs of ARI <sup>10</sup>	43.9	42.1	42.5	42.8
Treatment of childhood diseases (based on last two surviving children born during the reference period) (%)				
Prevalence of diarrhoea in last 2 weeks for under 5 years old children	5.3	5.5	8.2	8.8
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and received ORS <sup>11</sup>	66.7	60.0	48.1	47.6
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	79.3	73.7	79.7	77.3
Prevalence of ARI in last 2 weeks for under 5 years old children	4.4	4.1	6.3	6.8
Children with acute respiratory infection or fever in last 2 weeks and sought advice/treatment	75.0	64.3	80.5	74.4
Children with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks given Zinc along with ORS	65.5	63.2	NA	NA
Awareness of RTI/STI and HIV/AIDS (%)				
Women who have heard of RTI/STI	30.7	32.6	42.6	38.9
Women who have heard of HIV/AIDS	70.8	73.2	84.8	82.5
Women who have any symptoms of RTI/STI	14.2	16.7	35.3	34
Women who know the place to go for testing of HIV/AIDS <sup>12</sup>	73.9	74.1	88.7	86.9
Women underwent test for detecting HIV/AIDS <sup>12</sup>	53.5	52.7	16.5	16.2
Utilization of Government Health Services (%)				
Antenatal care	73.3	80.7	50.9	52.9
Treatment for pregnancy complications	59.6	64.8	49.6	54.7
Treatment for post-delivery complications	63.6	71.4	56.3	61.5
Treatment for children with diarrhoea <sup>13</sup>	65.2	57.1	NA	NA
Treatment for children with ARI <sup>13</sup>	44.4	44.4	NA	NA
Birth Registration (%)				
Children below age 5 years having birth registration done	88.4	91.2	NA	NA
Children below age 5 years who received birth certificate (out of those registered)	93.2	93.8	NA	NA
Personal Habits (age 15 years and above) (%)				
Men who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	54.9	59.7	NA	NA
Women who use any kind of smokeless tobacco	42.0	45.8	NA	NA
Men who smoke	13.0	10.8	NA	NA
Women who smoke	1.6	1.0	NA	NA
Men who consume alcohol	12.3	9.9	NA	NA
Women who consume alcohol	1.9	1.9	NA	NA
<sup>9</sup> Children Who were given nothing but breast milk till the survey date <sup>10</sup> Acute Respiratory Infection	ns <sup>11</sup> Oral Re	hydration Sol	utions/Salts.1	<sup>2</sup> Based on
the women who have heard of HIV/AIDS. <sup>13</sup> Last two weeks				

	DLHS-4	(2012-13)	DLHS-3	(2007-08)
Indicators	TOTAL	RURAL	TOTAL	RURAL
Reported Prevalence of Morbidity				
Any Injury	2.8	2.9	NA	NA
Acute Illness	6.8	8.2	NA	NA
Chronic Illness	5.8	6.3	NA	NA
Reported Prevalence of Chronic Illness during last one year (%)				
Disease of respiratory system	10.2	7.9	NA	NA
Disease of cardiovascular system	7.7	9.6	NA	NA
Persons suffering from tuberculosis	0.2	0.3	NA	NA
Anaemia Status by Haemoglobin Level <sup>14</sup> (%)				
Children (6-59 months) having anaemia	73.5	75.8	NA	NA
Children (6-59 months) having severe anaemia	16.4	16.8	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Male	58.5	59.3	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Male	8.0	7.6	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having anaemia - Female	56.3	58.7	NA	NA
Children (6-9 Years) having severe anaemia - Female	3.4	4.3	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Male	59.1	61.5	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Male	7.1	6.8	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having anaemia - Female	57.8	59.9	NA	NA
Children (6-14 years) having severe anaemia - Female	6.9	6.5	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years <sup>15</sup> ) having anaemia - Male	53.4	58.6	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years <sup>15</sup> ) having severe anaemia - Male	5.2	6.0	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years <sup>15</sup> ) having anaemia - Female	59.7	61.0	NA	NA
Children (10-19 Years <sup>15</sup> ) having severe anaemia - Female	9.7	9.8	NA	NA
Adolescents (15-19 years) having anaemia	52.4	56.5	NA	NA
Adolescents (15-19 years) having severe anaemia	7.1	8.1	NA	NA
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having anaemia	59.5	65.6	NA	NA
Pregnant women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia	8.3	5.2	NA	NA
Women (15-49 aged) having anaemia	57.0	59.8	NA	NA
Women (15-49 aged) having severe anaemia	7.9	6.9	NA	NA
Persons (20 years and above) having anaemia	46.6	48.7	NA	NA
Persons (20 years and above) having Severe anaemia	5.9	5.6	NA	NA
Blood Sugar Level (age 18 years and above) (%)				
Blood Sugar Level >140 mg/dl (high)	10.6	9.0	NA	NA
Blood Sugar Level >160 mg/dl (very high)	6.9	5.7	NA	NA
Hypertension (age 18 years and above) (%)				
Above Normal Range (Systolic >140 mm of Hg & Diastolic >90 mm of Hg )	25.0	21.5	NA	NA
Moderately High (Systolic >160 mm of Hg & Diastolic >100 mm of Hg )	9.9	7.8	NA	NA
Very High (Systolic >180 mm of Hg & Diastolic >110 mm of Hg )	3.9	3.5	NA	NA
lodized salt in Households (%)				
Households using iodized salt (15+ppm)	35.3	22.4	NA	NA
<sup>14</sup> Any anaemia below 11g/dl, severe anaemia below 7g/dl. <sup>15</sup> Excluding age group 19 years				

Chronic Illness : Any person with symptoms persisting for longer than one month is defined as suffering from chronic illness

	Number/Percentage	
Indicators	DLHS-4	DLHS-3
Villages covered		
Number of villages	44	35
Health Facilities covered		
Number of Sub-Health Centres	42	32
Number of Primary Health Centres (PHC)	35	24
Number of Community Health Centres (CHC) including Block PHC	6	2
Number of Sub-Divisional Hospitals (SDH)	5	NA
Number of District Hospitals (DH)	1	1
1Health programmes at village level	-	
Percentage of villages having ASHA	90.9	22.9
Percentage of Villages having Village Health Nutrition and Sanitation Committee (VHNSC)	97.7	80.0
Accessibility of health facility (%)	0	
Villages with Sub-Health Centre within 3 km	79.6	82.9
Villages with PHC within 10 km	88.6	74.3
Availability of Health Infrastructure, Staff and Services at (%)	00.0	14.0
Sub-Health Centre		
Sub-Health Centre located in government building	76.2	81.3
Sub-Health Centre located in government building	76.2 83.3	81.3 84.4
Sub-Health Centre with Alvia	40.5	43.8
Sub-Health Centre with MM residing in Sub-Health Centre quarter where facility is available		43.0 52.2
Sub-Health Centre with Additional ANM	70.0	52.2 3.1
	2.9	3.1
Primary Health Centre (PHC)	45 3	50.0
PHCs functioning on 24 X 7 hours basis	45.7	58.3
PHCs having Lady Medical Officer	0.0	12.5
PHCs with at least 4 beds	88.6	83.3
PHCs with AYUSH doctor	14.3	8.3
PHCs having residential quarter for Medical Officer	34.3	58.3
PHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	100.0	NA
PHCs having referral services for pregnancies/delivery on 24 X 7 hours basis	81.3	NA
PHCs conducted at least 10 deliveries during last one month on 24 X 7 hours basis	60.0	54.2
Community Health Centre (CHC)		
CHCs having 24 X 7 hours normal delivery services	6	2
CHCs having Obstetrician/Gynaecologist	NA	0
CHCs having Anesthetist	0	NA
CHCs having functional Operation Theatre	4	0
CHCs designated as FRUs	3	0
CHCs designated as FRUs offering caesarean section	0	NA
CHCs having new born care services on 24 X 7 hours basis	6	NA
Sub Divisional Hospital (SDH)		
SDHs having Paediatrician	3	NA
SDHs having regular radiographer	0	NA
SDHs having 2D Echo facility	0	NA
SDHs having Ultrasound facility	0	NA
SDHs having three phase connection	5	NA
SDHs having critical care area	3	NA
SDHs having suggestion and complaint box	3	NA
District Hospital (DH)	-	
DHs having Paediatrician	1	1
DHs having regular radiographer	0	1
Dhs having 2D Echo facility	1	0
Dris having 2D Ecro facility	1	NA
	1	
DHs having three phase connection		1
DHs having critical care area	1	
DHs having suggestion and complaint box	0	1

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